

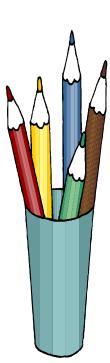
A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Reports

June 30, 2019

KATTELL AND COMPANY, P.L.
Certified Public Accountants Serving the Nonprofit Community

808-B NW 16th Avenue Gainesville, Florida 32601 (352) 395-6565



Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports

June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

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352-395-6565

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Micanopy Academy, Inc.

October 17, 2019

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Micanopy Academy, Inc. (the School), a component unit of the Alachua County District School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards required that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

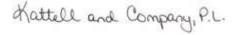
We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions. In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters - Required Supplementary Information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and certain pension related information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance.



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

This discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The following are various financial highlights for fiscal year 2019:

- The School's overall Net Position decreased by approximately \$30,000, which is about 50%.
- Total ending unrestricted Net Position was a deficit of approximately \$101,000.
- The School had total expenses for the year of about \$542,000 compared to revenues of approximately \$512,000.
- The School educated 74 students in 2019, serving grades 6-11, and 63 students in 2018, serving grades 6-10.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report contains government-wide financial statements that report on the School's activities as a whole and fund financial statements that report on the School's individual funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first financial statement is the Statement of Net Position. This statement includes all of the School's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. Accrual accounting is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year revenues and expenses are recorded, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Net Position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows – can be used to measure the School's financial position.

The second financial statement is the Statement of Activities. This statement is also shown using the accrual basis of accounting. It shows the increases and decreases in Net Position during the fiscal year. Over time, the increases or decreases in Net Position are useful indicators of whether the School's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors, such as enrollment levels or changes in state funding, must also be considered when assessing the overall health of the School.

In these statements, all of the School's activities are considered to be governmental activities. The School has no business-type activities, which are generally financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide financial statements are the fund financial statements. They provide more detailed information about the School's funds.

The School maintains three individual governmental funds, the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund are considered to be major funds and, accordingly, they are separately displayed.

Governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual accounting. Modified accrual accounting focuses on available cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. This provides a shorter-term view of the fund's financial position. A reconciliation is provided with these statements, which helps to explain the differences between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.
A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following table presents condensed, government-wide current year and prior year data about net position and changes in net position for governmental activities.

	2019	2018
Net Po	sition	
Assets:		
Non-capital Assets	\$ 69,233	\$ 66,427
Capital Assets, Net	534,576	458,942
Total Assets	603,809	525,369
Deferred Outflows	125,369	160,882
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	18,939	6,010
Short-term Debt		74,495
Long-term Liabilities	404,301	232,018
Net Pension Liability	192,323	279,629
Total Liabilities	615,563	592,152
Deferred Inflows	83,853	34,472
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	130,275	152,429
Unrestricted (deficit)	(100,513)	(92,802)
Total Net Position	\$ 29,762	\$ 59,627
1000110011001		Ψ 0,027
Change in N	let Position	
Program Revenues:		_
Charges for Services	\$ 5,768	\$ 4,597
Capital Grants & Contributions	35,962	35,646
General Revenues:		
Florida Education Finance Program	438,523	363,390
Other State Revenues	19,457	26,645
Other Revenues	12,798	5,739
Total Revenues	512,508	436,017
Program Expenses:	·	
Instruction	278,205	211,968
Instructional Support Services	500	1,263
General Support	189,599	155,221
Community Service	3,507	1,131
Operation of Plant	40,857	40,637
Interest on Long-term Debt	29,705	28,794
Total Expenses	542,373	439,014
Change in Net Position	(29,865)	(2,997)
Beginning Net Position:	59,627	62,624
Ending Net Position	\$ 29,762	\$ 59,627
2.44.1 00111011	Ψ 22,702	Ψ 57,521

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Governmental Activities. The governmental activities generated \$41,730 in program revenues and \$470,778 of general revenues, and incurred \$542,373 of program expenses. This resulted in a \$29,865 decrease in net position.

THE SCHOOL'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

General Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$64,372 from \$(14,078) to 50,294.

Special Revenue Fund. The fund balance of the Special Revenue Fund remained at \$0; the School received no Title I Finding during the year.

Capital Projects Fund. The fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund remained at \$0, which means all capital outlay grant funds were expended on eligible costs during the year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund. The School purchased a new modular building during the year and refinanced its mortgage to include this building and lower the interest rate. Costs associated with this purchase and refinance increased General Support from the original budget. The proceeds from the new mortgage and the extinguishment of the existing debt effected Other Financing Sources and Uses. There were no differences between the final budget and actual amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The School purchased a modular building for additional classroom space. Please refer to a note to the accompanying financial statements entitled *Capital Assets and Depreciation* for more detailed information about the School's capital asset activity.

Debt Administration. The School refinanced their existing debt and increased the debt to cover the cost of the new modular building. The School made scheduled payments on both the existing and new long-term debt. Please refer to the notes to the accompanying financial statements entitled *Short-Term Debt* and *Long-Term Liabilities* for more detailed information about the School's debt activity.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The School currently is not aware of any conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the School's financial position or results of operations.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Tara Lowe-Phillips, Principal, Micanopy Academy, Inc. at 708 NW Okehumkee Street, Micanopy, FL 32667.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	Activities
Cash	\$ 61,861
Grants Receivable	3,176
Deposits Deposits	400
Prepaid Expenses	3,796
Capital Assets:	3,770
Land	73,866
Construction in Progress	
	13,375
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	447,335
Total Assets	603,809
Deferred Outflows	125,369
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	18,939
Long-Term Debt:	,
Due Within One Year	12,134
Due In More Than One Year	392,167
Net Pension Liability	192,323
Total Liabilities	615,563
Deferred Inflows	83,853
Net Assets:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	130,275
Unrestricted (deficit)	(100,513)
Omesarcted (deficit)	(100,313)
Total Net Position	\$ 29,762

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution	l Grants and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:					
Governmental Activities:			_	_	
Instruction	\$ (278,205)	\$ 2,171	\$	\$	\$ (276,034)
Instructional Support Services	(500)		-		(500)
General Support	(189,599)	3,597	-	13,401	(172,601)
Community Services	(3,507)		-	2.052	(3,507)
Operation of Plant	(40,857)		-	2,952	(37,905)
Interest on Long-Term Debt Total	(29,705) \$ (542,373)	\$ 5,768	\$ -	19,609 \$ 35,962	$\frac{(10,096)}{(500,643)}$
Total	\$ (342,373)	\$ 3,700	Ψ	·-	(300,043)
		Other State Unrestricted (gh State: .nt e: lucation Finan	ntributions	438,523 19,457 7,701 5,097
		Total General F	Revenues		470,778
		Change in Net l	Position		(29,865)
		Net Position – F	Beginning of Y	<i>Y</i> ear	59,627
		Net Position – H	End of Year		\$ 29,762

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Spec Reve Fur	nue	Capi Projects	Total Governmental Funds
	Assets				
Cash	\$ 61,861	\$		\$	 \$ 61,861
Grants Receivable	3,176	Ψ		Ψ	 3,176
Deposits	400				 400
Prepaid Expenses	3,796				 3,796
Total Assets	\$ 69,233	\$		\$	 \$ 69,233
	Liabilities and Fur	nd Balanc	es		
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 18,939	\$		\$	 \$ 18,939
Short-Term Debt					
	18,939				18,939
Fund Balances:	400				400
Non-Spendable – Deposits	400				 400
Non-Spendable – Prepaid Expenses	3,796				 3,796
Unassigned	46,098				 46,098
Total Fund Balances	50,294				 50,294
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 69,233	\$		\$	 \$ 69,233

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2019

Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$ 50,294
Amounts reported for Governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital Assets – Net of Accumulated Depreciation	534,576
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and so are not reported as fund liabilities, but are included in the statement of net position. Long-Term Liabilities	(404,301)
Accounting for the School's participation in the Florida Retirement System – the following amounts are reported in the Government-wide Statements (see Note 6):	
Deferred Outflows	125,369
Deferred Inflows	(83,853)
Net Pension Liability	(192,323)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 29,762

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Micanopy Academy, Inc. A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
	Revenues			
Federal through State:				
Title I Grant	\$	\$	\$	\$
State Revenue:	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Florida Education Finance Program	438,523			438,523
Public Education Capital Outlay			35,962	35,962
Other State Revenues	19,457		, 	19,457
Local Revenue:	,			,
Gifts, Grants and Bequests	7,701			7,701
Other Local Revenues	10,865			10,865
Total Revenues	476,546		35,962	512,508
Expend	litures and Changes	in Fund Balances		
E P				
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction	279,928			279,928
Instruction Instructional Support Services	500			500
General Support Services	252,521		13,401	265,922
Community Services	3,507		13,401	3,507
Operation of Plant	37,905		2,952	40,857
Debt Service:	37,703		2,732	40,037
Principal	5,699			5,699
Interest	10,096		19,609	29,705
Total Expenditures	590,156		35,962	626,118
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(113,610)			(113,610)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Debt Issued	410,000			410,000
Extinguishment of Debt	(232,018)			(232,018)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	177,982			177,982
Net Change in Fund Balance	64,372			64,372
Fund Balances, July 1, 2018	(14,078)			(14,078)
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 50,294	\$	\$	\$ 50,294

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

Excess of Expenditures over Revenues- Total Governmental Funds	\$	64,372
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Current Year Expenditures for Capital Assets		99,779
Current Year Depreciation Expense		(24,145)
Issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Current Year Principal Payments		237,717
Current Year Loan Proceeds	((410,000)
Accounting for the School's participation in the Florida Retirement System:		
Adjustment of Required Contribution to Net Pension Expense		2,412
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(29,865)

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Micanopy Academy, Inc. conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The more significant accounting policies are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Reporting Entity

Micanopy Academy, Inc. is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act, and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The not-for-profit corporation conducts business as Micanopy Academy (the School). The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation's Board of Directors.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the Alachua County District School Board (the District). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2022, and may be renewed provided that a program review demonstrates that certain criteria addressed in Section 1002.33(7), Florida Statutes, have been successfully accomplished. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. Pursuant to Section 1002.33(8)(e), Florida Statutes, the charter school contract provides that in the event the School is dissolved or terminated, any unencumbered funds and all School property purchased with public funds automatically revert to the District. During the term of the charter, the District may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the District.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provide for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. Governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees charged to external parties as their primary revenues. The School has no business-type activities.

Any internal inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position reports the School's financial position as of the end of the fiscal year. In this statement, the School's Net Position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The Statement of Activities is displayed using a net-cost format and reports the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges for services that are directly related to a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The governmental fund statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

The following funds are used by the School:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those associated with grants that are restricted to specified uses.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for financial resources associated with grants that are restricted to operational uses.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources associated with grants that are restricted to capital uses.

In the accompanying fund financial statements, the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund are all considered to be major funds and, therefore, are separately displayed. The School has no non-major funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Most revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been measured in the current fiscal period. Certain other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of deposits in financial institutions. Such deposits qualify as public deposits and are insured by Florida's Public Deposits Program as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes. The School has no policy regarding deposit custodial credit risk.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid assets, if any, are reported as "non-spendable" in the funds financial statements to indicate that prepaids do not represent available expendable resources.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,500 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. These assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of donation. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	30
Building Improvements	5-7
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15
Furniture and Equipment	10

Compensated Absences

The School pays employees for unused personal or sick days up to 10 days at the end of the fiscal year, and no unused time accumulates. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences is recorded.

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

Long-term Liabilities

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds because governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Florida Statutes the District reports the number of FTE students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Educational Finance Program and the actual weighted FTE students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

The School also receives other financial assistance. This assistance is generally based on applications submitted to and approved by the granting agency.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows and is reported in three categories as hereafter described. *Net investment in capital assets* represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to those assets. Net Position is reported as *restricted* when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by legislation, or external restrictions imposed by other governments, creditors, or grantors. *Unrestricted* Net Position is Net Position that does not meet the definition of the classifications previously described.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance Classifications

Governmental funds report separate classifications of fund balance.

Non-Spendable. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. The restricted fund balance is defined as having restrictions (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. Committed fund balance is defined as amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School's Board of Directors.

Assigned. Assigned fund balance is defined as amounts that are constrained by the intent of the School's Board of Directors to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The School has given the authority to assign fund balance to the School's Principal. Assigned fund balance includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Principal that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Assignment of fund balance may be (a) made for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the government itself; and/or (b) used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenues. Assigned fund balance shall reflect management's intended use of resources as set forth each year by the Principal. Assigned fund balance may or may not be appropriated for expenditure in the subsequent year depending on the timing of the project/reserve for which it was assigned.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (concluded)

Fund Balance Classifications (concluded)

It is the policy of the School to use restricted resources to the extent which they are available, then committed resources, followed by assigned resources. Once these are consumed the School will then use unassigned resources. The School does not have a formal policy requiring a minimum fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS), and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – <u>CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	2018	Additions	Transfers	2019
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 73,866	\$	\$	\$ 73,866
Construction in Progress	67,025	91,877	(145,527)	13,375
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	589,973		145,527	735,500
Building Improvements	4,929	4,950		9,879
Improvements Other Than Buildings	39,016			39,016
Furniture and Equipment		2,952		2,952
Total Capital Assets	774,809	99,779		874,588
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	275,321	21,376		296,697
Building Improvements	4,583	305		4,888
Improvements Other Than Buildings	35,963	2,439		38,402
Furniture and Equipment		25		25
Total Accumulated Depreciation	315,867	24,145		340,012
Net Capital Assets	\$ 458,942	\$ 75,634	\$	\$ 534,576

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Instruction	\$
General Support	 24,145
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 24,145

NOTE 3 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss, including general liability, personal injury, workers compensation, and errors and omissions. To manage its risks, the School has purchased commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in the current and previous two years.

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 4 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

On June 6, 2018, the School entered into a factoring agreement for \$70,000 in funds to be used to purchase a modular classroom building. During the year ended June 30, 2019, additional funds of \$70,000 were factored. The assets sold were a portion of Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues to be received from the Alachua County District School Board. Fees and discount rates were applied to these payments. The factored funds were all paid off during the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1,			June 30,	Due Within
	2018	Additions	Payments	2019	One Year
Loan with APEX Mortgage	\$ 232,018	\$	\$ 232,018	\$	\$
Loan with CenterState Bank		410,000	5,699	404,301	12,134
Note Payable - Facilities	\$ 232,018	\$ 410,000	\$ 237,717	\$ 404,301	\$ 12,134

On October 29, 2014, the School borrowed \$240,000 to refinance the acquisition of its facility. The note was collateralized by the School's real property (land and building) and was payable in monthly installments of \$2,352, with an 11.00% interest rate, maturing in November 2039.

On December 13, 2018, the School borrowed \$410,000 to refinance the acquisition of its facility, and to include the new acquisition of additional facilities. The note is collateralized by the School's real property (land and buildings). It is payable in 60 monthly installments of \$2,839, with a 5.5% interest rate; then 59 monthly installments of \$2,937, with a 6.02% interest rate; and a balloon payment of \$266,212 due on December 13, 2028.

The scheduled debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 12,134	\$ 21,933	\$ 34,067
2021	12,492	21,575	34,067
2022	13,207	20,860	34,067
2023	13,962	20,105	34,067
2024	14,720	20,523	35,243
2025-2029	337,786	90,531	428,317
Total	\$ 404,301	\$ 195,527	\$ 599,828

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement (Division), is part of the primary government of the state of Florida and is responsible for administering the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems (System). The School participates in two defined benefit plans administered by the Division. The Division issues a publicly-available, audited comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on behalf of the System that includes financial statements, notes and required supplementary information for each of the pension plans. The System's CAFR and the actuarial reports, which provide detailed information about the plans, are available on line at: http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications. The System's CAFR and actuarial reports may also be obtained by contacting the Division of Retirement at: Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000, or call 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737.

Plan Descriptions

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established, is administered, and may be amended in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122,

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Plan Descriptions (concluded)

Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a non-integrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. The percentage value for each year of service credit earned (for Regular class members) ranges from 1.60% to 1.68%. Benefits received are increased by an annual cost-of-living adjustment, ranging from 0% to 3% depending on effective dates of enrollment and retirement.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established, administered, and subject to amendment in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers are established and may be amended only through an act of the Florida Legislature. The FRS requires a contribution of 3% of covered pay from employees. The School is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Contribution rates and amounts are listed in the table below. Amounts contributed were equal to the required contribution for those years.

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Contribution Rates – %			
Retirement – Employer	5.80	6.20	6.54
HIS – Employer	1.66	1.66	1.66
Administrative – Employer	.06	.06	.06
Employee	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	10.52	10.92	11.26
Contribution Amounts			
Employer	\$ 17,498	\$ 16,496	\$ 23,596
Employee	6,980	6,217	8,571
Totals	\$ 24,478	\$ 22,713	\$ 32,167

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School reported a liability of \$192,323 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The following displays the School's proportionate shares for the two programs:

	Share at June 30, 2017	Share at June 30, 2018	Change
Florida Retirement System	0.000624582%	0.000415567%	(0.000209015)%
Health Insurance Subsidy	0.000886774%	0.000634458%	(0.000252316)%

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (concluded)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized pension expense of \$21,201. At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience.	\$ 11,632	\$ 499
•		*
Changes of assumptions.	48,368	7,100
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments.	41	9,671
Changes in proportion and differences between School		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions.	43,366	66,583
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	21,962	
Total	\$ 125,369	\$ 83,853

The School reported \$21,962 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year Ending			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>FRS</u>	<u>HIS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 213	\$ (246)	\$ (33)
2021	12,294	(254)	12,040
2022	9,255	775	10,030
2023	626	1,226	1,852
2024	2,831	(572)	2,259
2025	(399)	(3,991)	(4,390)
2026	(878)	(1,227)	(2,105)
2027		(99)	(99)
Total	\$ 23,942	\$ (4,388)	\$ 19,554

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rate

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the entry age actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.0%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.) Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

- FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.10% to 7.00%, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.
- HIS: The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (concluded)

Actuarial assumptions and Discount Rate (concluded)

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact of the School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2018.

Florida Retirement System						
1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase				
(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)				
\$ 228,442	\$ 125,171	\$ 39,398				

Health Insurance Subsidy							
1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Incr							
(2.87%)	Rate (3.87%)	(4.87%)					
\$ 76,482	\$ 67,152	\$ 59,375					

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.00% consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.40%, consistent with the currently articulated real return target in the current Florida State Board of Administration's investment policy, developed using capital market assumptions calculated by Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60% as adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 7.00% return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 7.00% reported investment return assumption differs from the 7.40% investment return assumption chosen by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes, as allowable under governmental accounting and reporting standards.

The table below contains a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		<u>Annual</u>	Compound Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	<u>Standard</u>
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	<u>Return</u>	Deviation
Cash	1%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed Income	18%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global Equity	54%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real Estate (Property)	11%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private Equity	10%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic Investments	6%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%

Pension plan fiduciary net position.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS financial report.

NOTE 7 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The School entered into a contract relating to the installment of a new roof. The total contract price for the roof was \$53,500, of which \$13,375 was recorded as an expenditure for the year ended June 30, 2019. A commitment of \$40,125 was outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

BUDGETED AMOUNTS

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Revenues			
State Revenue:				
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 491,600	\$ 438,523	\$ 438,523	\$
Other State Revenues	7,925	19,457	19,457	
Local Revenue:	10.022	7.701	7.701	
Gifts, Grants and Bequests Other Local Revenues	10,033 3,537	7,701 10,865	7,701 10,865	
Other Local Revenues	3,331	10,803	10,803	
Total Revenues	513,095	476,546	476,546	
Expendi	tures and Changes in	Fund Balances		
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	259,532	279,928	279,928	
Instructional Support Services	16,135	500	500	
General Support	157,848	252,521	252,521	
Community Services	225	3,507	3,507	
Operation of Plant	49,124	37,905	37,905	
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,286	5,699	5,699	
Interest	10,833	10,096	10,096	
Total Expenditures	495,983	590,156	590,156	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	17,112	(113,610)	(113,610)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Debt Issued		410,000	410,000	
Extinguishment of Debt		(232,018)	(232,018)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		177,982	177,982	
Net Change in Fund Balance	17,112	64,372	64,372	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2018		(14,078)	(14,078)	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	<u> </u>	\$ 50,294	\$ 50,294	\$

Note to Schedule:

An annual Budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors. The fund is the legal level of control.

Schedules of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Last 10 Fiscal Years

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

Florida Retirement System

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000415 567%	0.000624 582%	0.000456 467%	0.000394 374%	0.000451 677%					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$125,171	\$184,811	\$115,258	\$ 50,939	\$ 27,559					
Covered-employee payroll	\$208,545	\$232,681	\$225,104	\$267,510	\$251,055					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	60.02%	79.43%	51.20%	19.04%	10.98%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%					

Health Insurance Subsidy Program

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000634 458%	0.000886 774%	0.000707 416%	0.000560 406%	0.000602 522%					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 67,152	\$ 94,818	\$ 82,446	\$ 57,153	\$ 56,337					
Covered-employee payroll	\$208,545	\$232,681	\$225,104	\$267,510	\$251,055					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	32.20%	40.75%	36.63%	21.36%	22.44%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%					

Note: The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 for each fiscal year.

Note: Amounts will be presented prospectively.

Note: There are no factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Contributions – Last 10 Fiscal Years

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.
A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

Florida Retirement System

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Required contribution	\$ 17,218	\$ 11,843	\$ 16,259	\$ 11,132	\$ 9,615	\$ 9,894				
Contributions in relation to the required contribution	(17,218)	(11,843)	(16,259)	(11,132)	(9,615)	(9,894)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Covered-employee payroll	\$285,256	\$208,545	\$232,681	\$225,104	\$267,510	\$251,055				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.04%	5.68%	6.99%	4.95%	3.59%	3.94%				

Health Insurance Subsidy Program

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Required contribution	\$ 4,744	\$ 3,441	\$ 4,693	\$ 3,626	\$ 2,142	\$ 2,064				
Contributions in relation to the required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	(4,744) \$ -	(3,441)	(4,693)	(3,626)	(2,142)	\$				
Covered-employee payroll	\$285,256	\$208,545	\$232,681	\$225,104	\$267,510	\$251,055				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.66%	1.65%	2.02%	1.61%	.80%	.82%				

Note: The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 for each fiscal year.

Note: Amounts will be presented prospectively.

Note: There are no significant trends in the amounts reported.

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COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

October 17, 2019

To the Board of Directors Micanopy Academy, Inc.

We have audited the financial statements of Micanopy Academy, Inc. (the School) for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated July 8, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Accounting Policies. Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the School are described in the notes to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the School during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting Estimates. Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. Note 6 describes the estimates used to calculate net pension liability of the Florida Retirement System.

Disclosures. There are no disclosures that are particularly sensitive.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements. Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There are no uncorrected misstatements.

Our Working Relationship with Management

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit. We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Disagreements with Management. For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit

Management Representations. We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants. In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the School's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Consultations Prior to Engagement. We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the School's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This letter is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Directors of the School and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gainesville, Florida

Kattell and Company, P.L.

Certified Public Accountants Serving the Nonprofit Community

808-B NW 16th Avenue

Gainesville, Florida 32601

352-395-6565

www.kattell.com

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors, Micanopy Academy, Inc.

October 17, 2019

Report on the Financial Statements. We have audited the financial statements of Micanopy Academy, Inc. (the School), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedules. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*, and Schedule of Findings. Disclosures in that report and schedule, which are dated October 17, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings. Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In that regard,

- Finding 2019-001 is similar to Finding 2018-002 for the year ending June 30, 2018 and Finding 2017-001 for the year ending June 30, 2017.
- There were no other uncorrected prior audit findings.

Official Title. Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Micanopy Academy, Inc., and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education is 01-0961.

Financial Condition.

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Transparency. Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website all of the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters. Section 10.854(1)(e)4, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. See Finding 2019-001 in the Schedule of Findings.

Purpose of this Letter. Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the local district school board, the Board of Directors and management of the School, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

* * * * * * *

Thank you for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of the audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or any other matters.

Kattell and Company, P.L.

Certified Public Accountants Serving the Nonprofit Community

808-B NW 16th Avenue

Gainesville, Florida 32601

52-395-6565 www.kattell.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors, Micanopy Academy, Inc.

October 17, 2019

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Micanopy Academy, Inc. (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School's Response to Findings

The School's response to our findings is described in the accompanying letter from the School. The School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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As required by the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, we noted certain matters that we reported to management of the School in the management letter dated October 17, 2019.

Kattell and Company, P.L.

Schedule of Findings June 30, 2019

Micanopy Academy, Inc.

A Component Unit of the Alachua County District School Board

Immaterial Noncompliance

Finding 2019-001 Florida Retirement System Contributions

Criteria: Monthly contributions to the Florida Retirement System (FRS) should be made for all participating employees and should be calculated on the actual compensation paid to employees, as defined by Florida Statutes Sections 121.021(22), Florida Statutes and Subsection (16) of Rule 60S-6.001, Florida Administrative Code. Certain temporary positions should be excluded from FRS as defined by Chapter 1 Part III of the FRS Employer Handbook.

Conditions:

- 1. Regarding payments of required contributions to FRS, there were two monthly contributions for individual employees that were calculated using incorrect wage amounts.
- 2. There was one employee holding a temporary position for which contributions were made to FRS that should have been excluded from FRS.

Causes:

- 1. Management failed to agree the wages actually paid to employees to the wages used to calculate the contributions due to FRS.
- 2. Management mistakenly included an employee that did not qualify for inclusion in FRS.

Effect:

- 1. The net effect of the underpayment was \$36.34.
- 2. The net effect of the overpayment was \$64.60.

Recommendation: The School should consider what procedures should be performed to ensure that all FRS contributions are computed on the correct wages for each individual employee in the proper month and that contributions are made on qualifying employees only.



Micanopy Academy, Inc.

PO Box 109 Micanopy, FL 32667

Phone 352-466-1090

www.micanopyacademy.com

Oct. 17, 2019

Response to the 2018-19 Financial Audit

Immaterial Compliance FINDING 2019-001

The mistakes that were made regarding the Florida Retirement System were trivial. They accounted for only \$100.94. Regarding one employee, it was optional, but not mandatory, to pay FRS for substitutes. It is not against the rules. We just decided not to continue to do so since the pay was very small.

Regarding the second employee, Administration did make the mistake about contributing to FRS, but corrected it after the first time. It was not entered again. Administration will be more careful in the future when entering FRS information.

Jara Love Shelling